



University  
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# What are solar gamma-ray spectra actually telling us?

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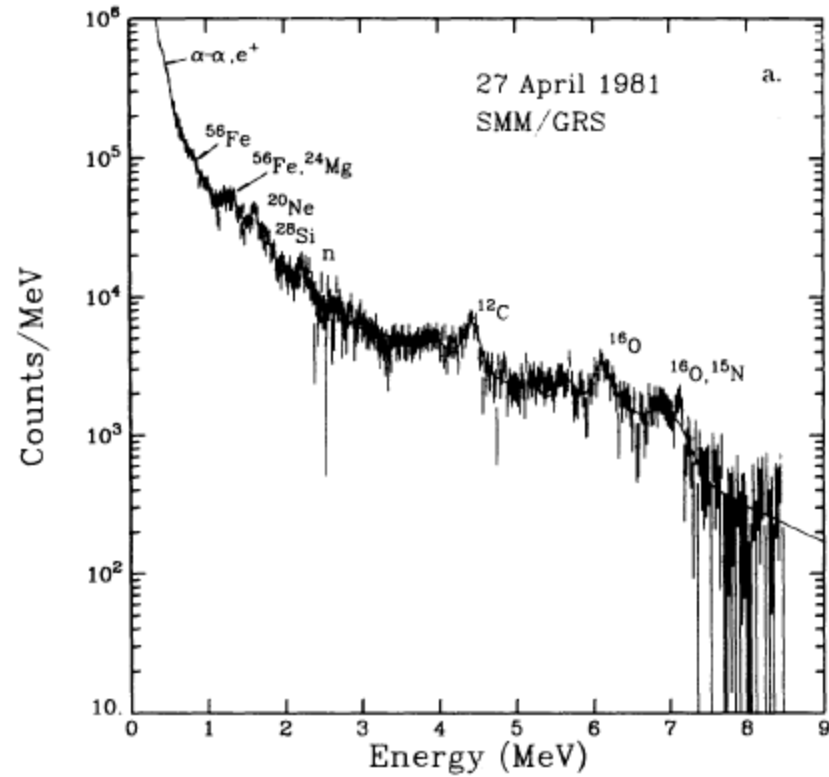
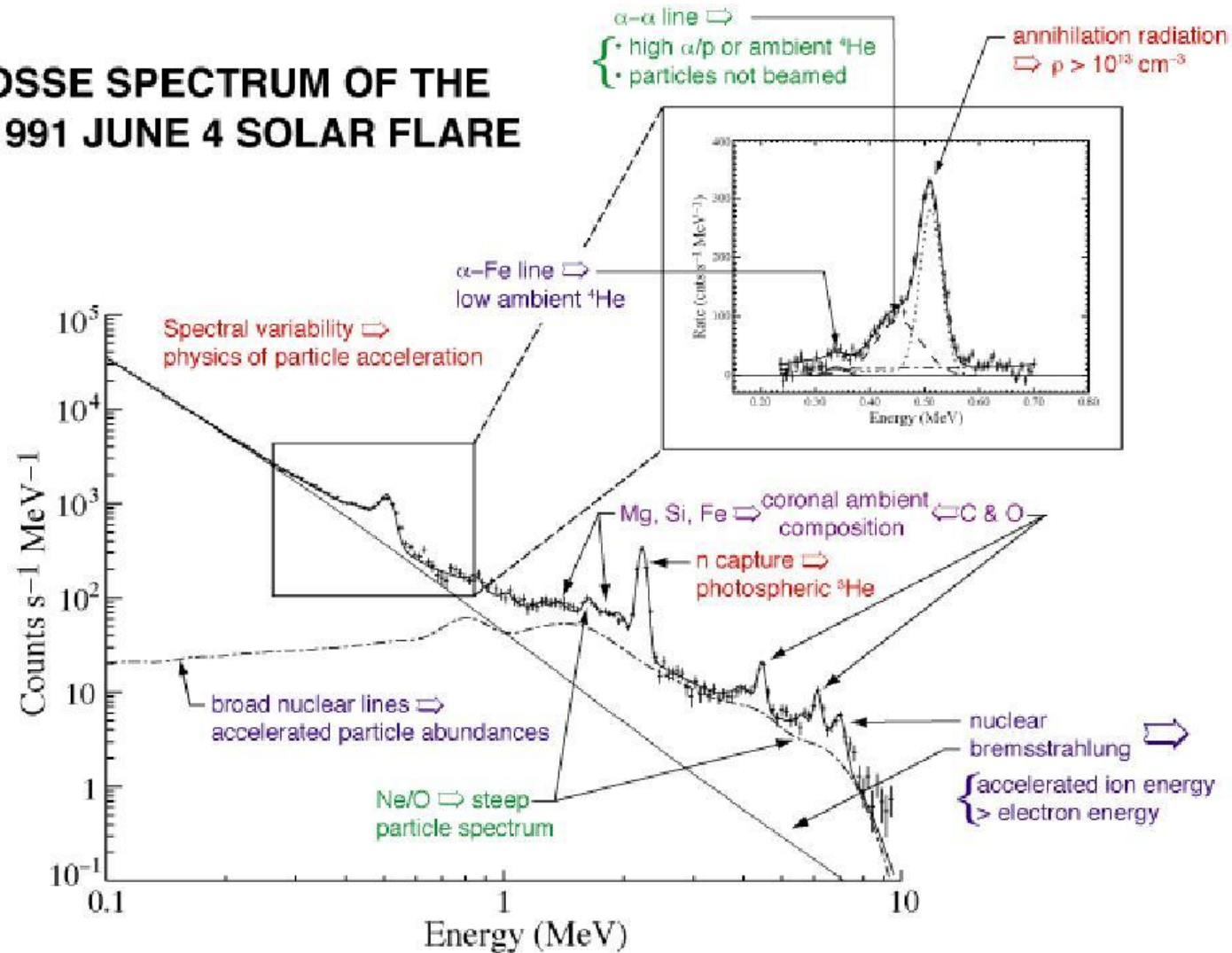


FIG. 2.—(a) Observed count spectrum of the 1981 April 27 flare fitted

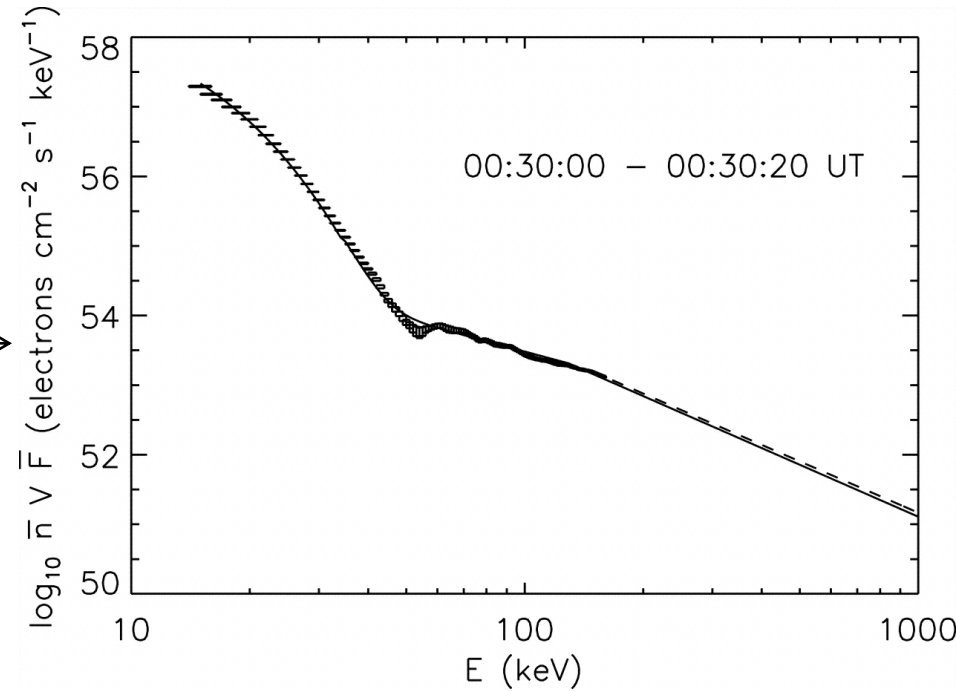
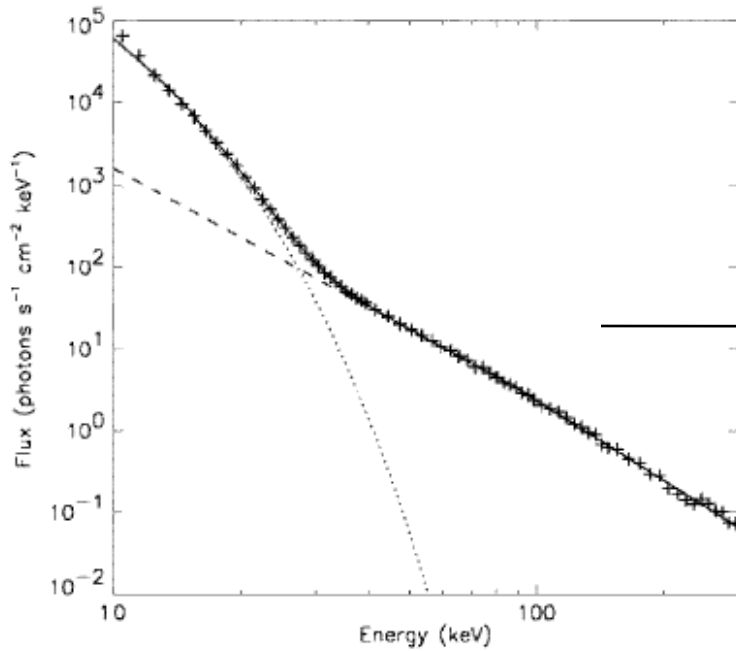
Murphy et al. (1991)

## OSSE SPECTRUM OF THE 1991 JUNE 4 SOLAR FLARE



(from the OSSE public outreach web pages); Share and Murphy; Reuven Ramaty

# HXR spectrum



Lin et al. (2003);  
23 July 2002 flare, 0028:15 UT

Piana et al. (2003)

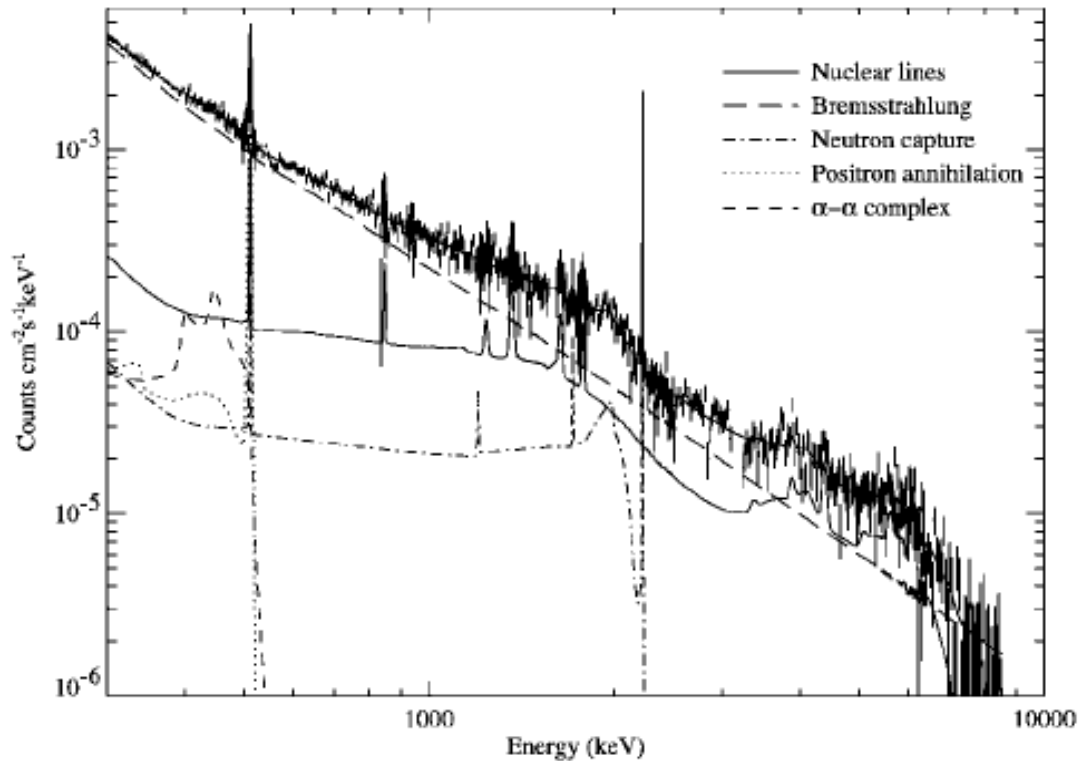
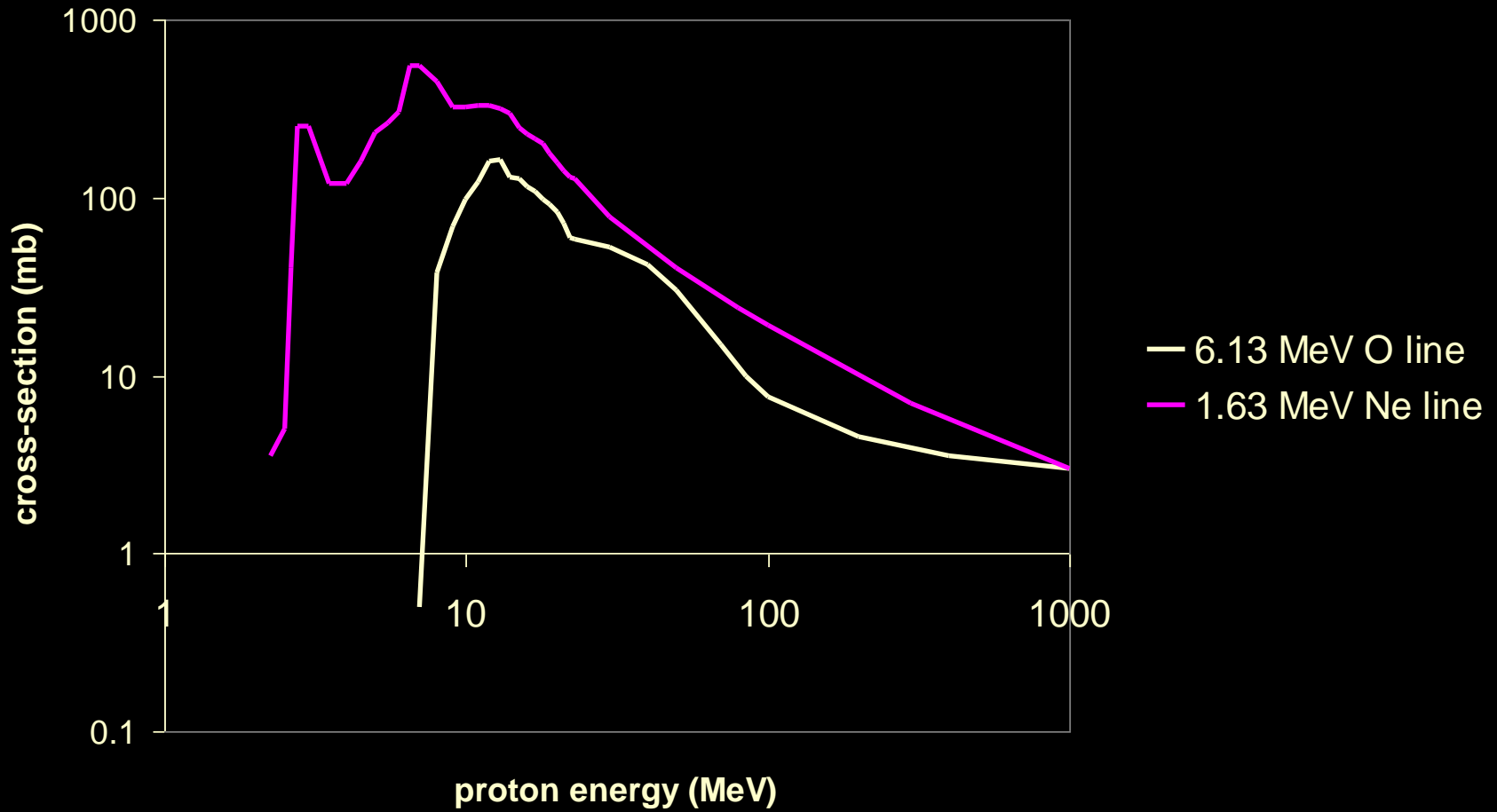


FIG. 3.—*RHESSI*  $\gamma$ -ray count spectrum from 0.3 to 10 MeV, integrated over the interval 0027:20–0043:20 UT. The lines show the different components of the model used to fit the spectrum.

Lin et al. (2003), *ApJL* **595**; 23 July 2002 flare

# E.g. 1.63 MeV $^{20}\text{Ne}$ line



$$\Phi_{\epsilon} = \frac{a_X}{4\pi D^2} \sum_i \int_{E_{0i}}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma_{i,\epsilon}(E)}{|dE_i/dN|} \Psi_i(E) dE$$

$$\Psi_i(E) = \int_E^{\infty} F_i(E) dE$$

Usually interpreted via e.g. power-law  
parametrisation of ion energy distribution

Toner and MacKinnon (2004) – decouple  
proton and alpha distributions but still in  
this parametric way

Non-parametric deduction of ion energy  
distribution?

SVD etc. – information content of de-  
excitation line spectrum

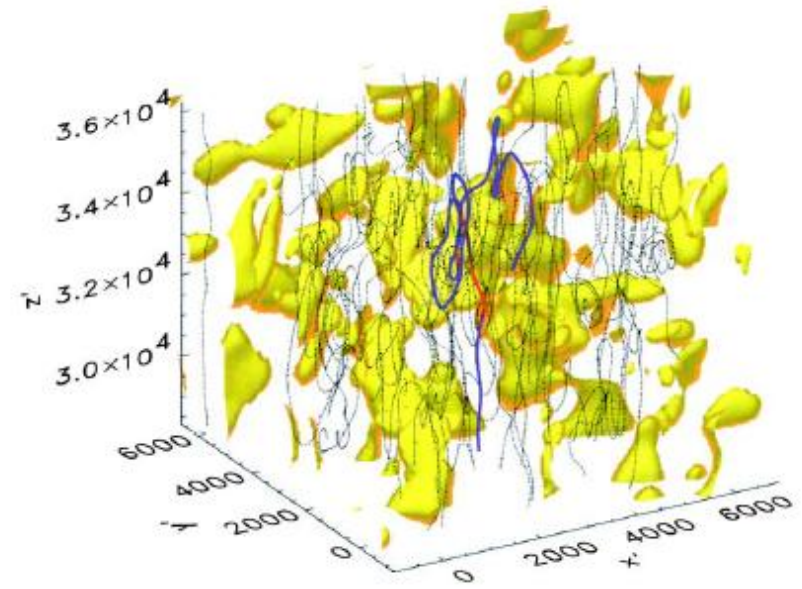
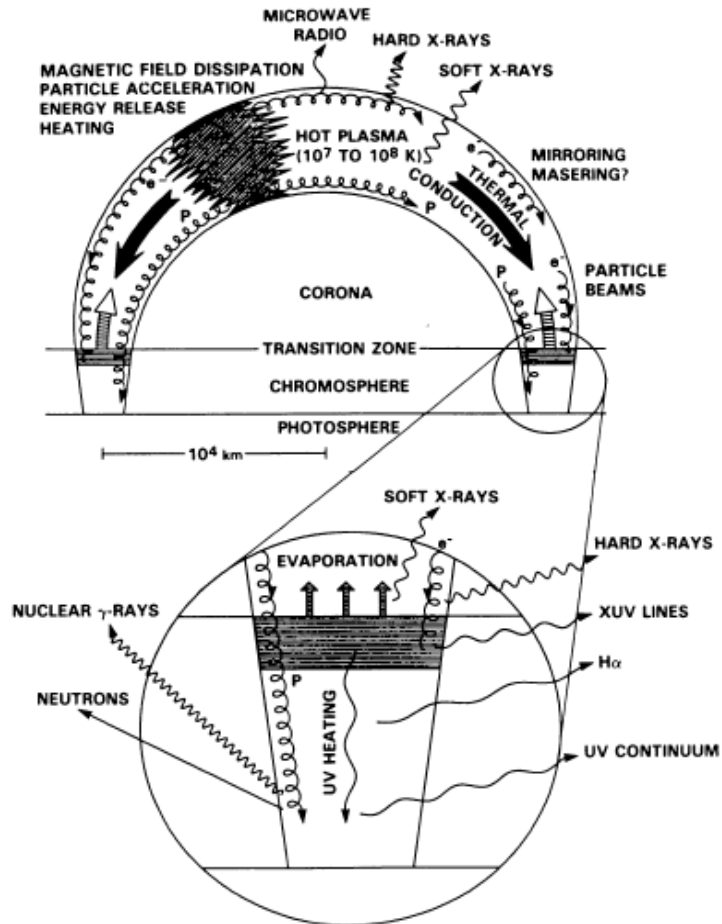
(Murphy, Emslie...)



$$\Phi_{\epsilon} = \frac{a_X}{4\pi D^2} \sum_i \int_{E_{0i}}^{\infty} \frac{\sigma_{i,\epsilon}(E)}{|dE_i/dN|} \Psi_i(E) dE$$

cold, thick target  
What if not?

Cf. Brown et al. (2009), acceleration + interaction  
region



Arzner and Vlahos (2004)

Dennis and Schwartz (1987)

Attempt to define information content of de-excitation lines in a non-parametric way  
May bear on specifying the capacities of the next generation of gamma-ray detectors

Relax the thick target separation of acceleration and interaction regions  
Effects on broad to narrow line flux ratios?  
Total ion energy content?